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- (d) Tissue damage may result from perivascular infiltration.
  - (b) [Reserved]
- (c)(1) Specifications. Sulfadimethoxine containing 100 milligrams per milliliter.
- (2) Sponsor. See No. 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (3) Conditions of use. (i) It is used or intended for use in the treatment of sulfadimethoxine-susceptible bacterial infections in dogs.
- (ii) It is administered by subcutaneous, intramuscular, or intravenous injection at an initial dose of 25 milligrams per pound of body weight followed by 12.5 milligrams per pound of body weight every 24 hours thereafter. Continue treatment until the animal is free from symptoms for 48 hours.
- (iii) For use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (d) Related tolerances. See §556.640 of this chapter.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 40 FR 34112, Aug. 14, 1975; 40 FR 42007, Sept. 10, 1975; 50 FR 254, Jan. 3, 1985; 53 FR 40728, Oct. 18, 1988; 54 FR 30205, July 19, 1989; 58 FR 38972, July 21, 1993; 59 FR 56000, Nov. 10, 1994; 61 FR 4875, Feb. 9, 1996; 62 FR 23128, Apr. 29, 1997; 62 FR 35076, June 30, 1997]

## $\S 522.2240$ Sulfaethoxypyridazine.

- (a) Chemical name.  $N^1$ -(6-Ethoxy-3-pyridazinyl) sulfanilamide.
- (b) Specifications. Melting point range of 180 °C to 186 °C.
- (c) Sponsor. See No. 010042 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Related tolerances. See §556.650 of this chapter.
- (e) Conditions of use. It is used for injection into cattle as follows:
- (1) Amount. 2.5 grams per 100 pounds of body weight per day.
- (2) Indications for use. Treatment of respiratory infection (pneumonia, shipping fever), foot rot, calf scours; as adjunctive therapy in septicemia accompanying mastitis and metritis.
- (3) Limitations. Administer intravenously for not more than 4 days; or first treatment may be followed by 3 days of treatment with sulfaethoxypyridazine in drinking water, feed, or tablet in accordance with §558.579(e) or §§520.2240a(e) and 520.2240b(e) of this chapter; as sodium sulfaethoxypyridazine; do not treat

within 16 days of slaughter; as sole source of sulfonamide; milk that has been taken from animals during treatment and for 72 hours (6 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food; for use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13858, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 41 FR 11011, Mar. 15, 1976]

## § 522.2260 Sulfamethazine injectable solution.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution contains 250 milligrams of sulfamethazine sodium.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 010042 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.670 of this chapter.
- (d) NAS/NRC status. The conditions of use are NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 20 milliliters for each 50 pounds of body weight (100 milligrams per pound) initially, 20 milliliters per 100 pounds of body weight (50 milligrams per pound) daily thereafter for cattle.
- (2) Indications for use. For cattle for treatment of bacterial pneumonia and bovine respiratory disease complex (shipping fever complex) (Pasteurella spp.), colibacillosis (bacterial scours) (Escherichia necrotic coli), pododermatitis (foot (Fusobacterium necrophorum), calf diphtheria (Fusobacterium necrophorum), acute mastitis and acute metritis (Streptococcus spp.) when caused by one or more pathogenic organisms sensitive to sulfamethazine.
- (3) Limitations. For intravenous use only. Not for use in lactating dairy animals. Withdraw medication from cattle 10 days prior to slaughter for food. If symptoms persist for 2 or 3 days, consult a veterinarian. Adequate water intake is important for animals treated with sulfonamides. Treatment should continue 24 to 48 hours beyond the remission of disease symptoms, but not to exceed a total of 5 consecutive days.

 $[46~\mathrm{FR}~62055,\,\mathrm{Dec}.~22,\,1981]$